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Name

Reg. No. ....

**THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2012**

(Non-CUCSS)

Mathematics

Paper XIII—TOPOLOGY—II

(2002 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Part A**

Answer **all** questions.  
Each question carries 4 marks.

- I. (a) Let  $A$  be a subset of the topological space  $X$  and let  $f : A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be continuous. Prove that any two extensions of  $f$  to  $X$  agree on  $A$ .
- (b) Prove that the intersection of any family of filters on a set is again a filter on that set.
- (c) Prove that first countable, countably compact space is sequentially compact.
- (d) Prove that a subspace of a locally compact space Hausdorff space is locally compact if and only if it is open in its closure.

(4 X 4 = 16 marks)

**Part B**

Answer any **four** questions without omitting any unit.  
Each question carries **16** marks.

**Unit I**

- II. (a) Let  $X$  be a topological space having the property that for each closed subset  $A$  of  $X$ , every continuous real valued function on  $A$  has a continuous extension to  $X$ . Prove that  $X$  is normal.
- (b) If a product space is non-empty, then prove that each co-ordinate space is embeddable in it.
- III. (a) Let  $\{X_i : i \in I\}$  be an indexed family of sets and let  $X = \prod_{i \in I} X_i$ . Prove that a subset of a topological space  $X$  is a box if and only if it is the intersection of a family of walls.
- (b) Prove that a topological product is  $T_2$  if and only if each co-ordinate space is  $T_2$ .
- IV. (a) Let  $T$  be the product topology on the set  $\prod_{i \in I} X_i$  where  $\{(X_i, T_i) : i \in I\}$  is an indexed collection of topological spaces. Prove that the family of all subsets of the form  $\pi_i^{-1}(V_i)$  for  $V_i \in T_i, i \in I$  is a subbase for  $T$ .

**Turn over**

- (b) Prove that a product of topological spaces is path connected if and only if each co-ordinate space is **pathconnected**.

### Unit II

- V. (a) Prove that a topological space is a **Tychonoff** space if and only if it is **embeddable** into a cube.  
 (b) Prove that a space is **embeddable** in the Hilbert cube if and only if it is second **countable** and  $T_s$ .
- VI. (a) Let  $S \rightarrow X$  be a net in a topological space  $X$  and let  $x \in X$ . Prove that  $x$  is a cluster point of  $S$  if and only if there exists a **subnet** of  $S$  which converges to  $x$  in  $X$ .  
 (b) Prove that a topological space is compact if and only if every family of closed subsets of it, which has the finite intersection property, has a non-empty intersection.
- VII. (a) Prove that a topological space is **Hausdorff** if and only if no filter can converge to more than one point in it.  
 (b) Prove that a topological space is compact if and only if every ultra filter in it is convergent.

### Unit III

- VIII. (a) Prove that sequential compactness is a **countably** productive property.  
 (b) If a topological space  $X$  is **Hausdorff** and locally compact at point  $x \in X$ , then prove that the family of compact neighbourhoods of  $x$  is a local base at  $x$ .
- IX. (a) Prove that a topological space  $X$  is compact if and only if there exists a closed sub-base  $C$  for  $X$  such that every subfamily of  $C$  having the finite intersection property has a non-empty intersection.  
 (b) Prove that every compact metric space is complete.
- X. (a) Let  $A$  be a subset of a metric space  $(X; d)$ . Prove that  $A$  is totally bounded with respect to  $d$  if and only if for every  $\epsilon > 0$ ,  $A$  can be covered by finitely many open balls with centres in  $A$  and of radii less than  $\epsilon$  each.  
 (b) Prove that every metric space can be isometrically embedded as a dense subspace of a complete metric space.

(4 x 16 = 64 marks)