Reg. No....

Name

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2013

(CUCSS)

Mathematics

MT 10 02—LINEAR ALGEBRA

(2010 admissions)

Time: Three Hours ————

Maximum: 36 Weightage

Part A (Short Answer Type)

Answer all questions.

Each question carries weightage 1.

- 1. Let V be a vector space over a field F. Prove that if $0 \in V$ and $C \to F$ then 0.0 = 0.
- 2. Prove that $U = \{(x, x) : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^2 .
- 3. Verify whether the set of all upper triangular matrices span the space of all 2 x 2 matrices.
- 4. Find the dimension of the space of all n x n diagonal matrices over R.
- 5. Find the co-ordinate vector of (1,2,3)e with respect to the ordered basis (41,2,0), (1,1,0), (0,1,1)}.
- 6. Verify whether f(x,y) = xy for $(x,y) \to R^2$ is a linear transformation from R^2 to R.
- 7. Let W = span $\{(1,1,0), (1,0,1)\}$. Let f be defined by I (x,y,z) = x y z. Verify whether f belongs to W⁰.
- 8. Find the characteristic polynomial of 4
- 9. Find the characteristic values of 2
- 10. Let W = span $\{(1,1,1)\}$ in R³ and T: R³ \rightarrow R³ be defined by T(x,y,z) = (x + y, y + z, 2z). Verify whether W is an invariant subspace of T.
- 11. Let $W_1 = \text{span } \{(1,2,1)\}$ and $W_2 = \text{span } \{(2,1,1)\}$. Verify whether $W_1 + W_2$ is a direct sum.
- 12. Verify whether $T : R^2 \rightarrow R^2$ defined by T(x, y) = (2x + y, 0) is a projection.
- 13. Verify whether (1,2), (-2,1) are orthogonal in R².
 if E is an orthogonal projection of a space V on a subspace W, prove that Null (1 E) = W.
 (14 x 1 = 14 weightage)

Turn over

Part B (Paragraph Type)

- Answer any **seven** questions. Each question carries weighted 2.
- 15. Let S; $\{a, \beta\}$ be a subset of V, where V is a vector space. Prove that the set of all linear combinations of S is a subspace of V.
- 16. Verify whether $S = \{(x, y, xy) \mid x \in R\}$ is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 .
- 17. If W_1 , W_2 are subspaces of a vector space V, prove that $W_1 + W_2$ is a subspace of V.
- 18. Let V be a vector space of dimension n. Prove that any set of n 1 vectors is not a basis of V.
- 19. Find the matrix of the linear transformation T \mathbb{R}^3 defined by T (x, y, z) = (x + y, x, y + z) with respect to the ordered basis B = 41,2,1),(1,1,2),(2,1,1).
- 20. Let $\{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$ be a basis of a vector space V and \mathbf{f}_2 \mathbf{f}_n be the dual basis of VA. Prove that $\mathbf{g} = f_1(a)\mathbf{g}_1$ for each a e V •
- 21. Let T be a linear operator on a vector space V and for some a e V let T(a) = ca. Prove that for any polynomial $f_{*}f_{*}(T)(c).\alpha$
- 22. Express R^3 as a direct sum $W_1 \oplus W_2$, where $W_1 = \text{span } \{(1,1,1)\}$.
- 23. Let T be a linear operator on a vector space $V = W_1 \oplus W_2 \oplus ...$ W_k ; where each W_k is an invarian subspace for T. Prove that if each W_k is an eigen space of V then T is diagonalizable.
- 24. Verify whether $(x \ y)$ given by $(x \ y) = x_1 y_1 \ x_2 y_3$ for x = 0, $y = (y_1, y_2) \mathbf{E} \mathbf{R}^2$ is an inner product.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ weightage})$

Part C (Essay Type)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries weighter 4.

- 25. Define dimension of a vector space. Show that if W_1 , W_2 are subspaces of a finite dimensional vector space, then $\dim(W_1 + \mathbf{W_2}) = \dim W_1 + \dim \mathbf{W_2} \dim (W_1 \ n \ W_2)$.
- 26. Let A be an m x n matrix over a field F. Show that for any n x 1 matrix X, T (X) = AX is a linear transformation from the space of $n \times 1$ matrices to the space of $m \times 1$ matrices. Prove also that rank T = column rank of A.
- 27. Define the annihilator W° of a subspace W. Let W_1 , W_2 be subspaces of a finite dimensional space V. Prove that if $W_1 + W_2$ then $W_1 = W_2$.
- 28. Define projection. Show that if E is a projection on a vector space V then $V = R \oplus M$ where R is range of E and N is the null space of E.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weight})$