

D 70207

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FIFTH SEMESTER B.Sc. (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2019**

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Botany

**BOT 5B 05—GYMNOSPERMS, PALAEOBOTANY, PHYTOGEOGRAPHY AND
EVOLUTION**

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

I. Answer *all* questions (1 mark each) :

- 1 What is transfusion tissue ?
- 2 Name the negatively geotropic root in *Cycas*.
- 3 What is *Lepidocarpon* ?
- 4 State 'Age and Area hypothesis' ?
- 5 What is an ovuliferous scale ?
- 6 Define endemism.
- 7 What is sympatric speciation ?
- 8 Define genetic drift.
- 9 What are dwarf shoots ?
- 10 What is glaciation ?

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

II. Answer *all* questions. Short answer (2 marks each) :

- 11 Differentiate between protenoids and prions.
- 12 Write a note on Geological time scale.
- 13 Explain Neo-Darwinism.
- 14 Brief the contributions of an eminent Indian Paleobotanist.
- 15 Describe polyembryony in *Pinus*.
- 16 Explain the role of mutations in evolution.

Turn over

- 17 Discuss the role of Paleobotany in the exploration of fossil fuels.
- 18 Explain the theory of spontaneous generation.
- 19 Describe the male cone of *Cycas*.
- 20 Differentiate between continuous and discontinuous distribution.

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Part C

III. Answer any *six* questions. Short essays (5 marks each) :

- 21 Describe the Miller's experiment.
- 22 Explain the continental drift theory.
- 23 Describe the structure and adaptations of *Pinus* needle.
- 24 Brief a note on evolution of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- 25 What is speciation ? Add an account on various isolation mechanisms.
- 26 Explain the anatomy of rachis of *Cycas*.
- 27 What are the different types of fossils ?
- 28 Explain the concept of Lamarckism and Darwinism.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Part D

IV. Answer any *two* questions. Essays (10 marks each) :

- 29 Explain the evolutionary trends in Gymnosperms. Add a note on its Pteridophyte and Angiosperm affinities.
- 30 Write a detailed account on phytogeographical zones of the world ?
- 31 Explain the various forces of evolution, leading to genetic constancy and variability.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)