Name			
Reg.	No		

SIXTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2019

(CUCBCSS)

Economics

		ECO 6B 13	-PUBLI	C FINANCE			
ime	: Three			Maximum: 80 Marks			
STORES.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Section .	4			
				questions. es ¼ mark.			
1	Which	of the following refers to the usassociated with the business cyc	se of tax	es and public expenditures to help dampen the			
	(a)	COMMON CONTRACTOR MANAGEMENT	(b)	Balanced budget.			
	(c)	Fiscal policy.		None of these.			
2.	Which	of the following states that thos	e who are	e essentially equal should be taxed equally?			
#0	(a)	Ability-to-pay principle.	(b)	Horizontal equity principle.			
	(c)	Vertical equity principle.	(d)	Benefit principle.			
3.	The ma	arginal tax rate is:					
	(a)	- that is paid per dollar of additional income.					
	(b)	Total taxes divided by total in					
	(c)	Total income divided by total	taxes.				
	(d)	None of the above.					
4.	Ram m	akes Rs. 30,000 per year and 10,000 in income taxes. This	pays Rs. is an exa	6,000 in income taxes. Raj makes Rs. 40,000 ample of:			
		A Progressive Tax.	(b)	A Proportional Tax.			
	(e)	A Regressive Tax.	(d)	A Degressive Tax.			
	Interest	payments, subsidies and pen	sions in	Budget are part of ———			
Э.		Plan Expenditure.	(b	With the state of			
		Capital Expenditure.	(d) State Government Expenditure.			

Turn

	6. The most impor	rtant source of income i	OF THE COS	610/19
		is Duty	(10.7	333.1
	(c) Central	Excise Duty.	(d)	VAT.
1	7. Select the odd or	ne out :		
		s Duties.		Value added Tax.
	(c) Excise I			Income Tax.
8	The difference b	etween total expenditu	ire and to	tal receipts is ————-
	(a) Fiscal D		(b)	Primary Deficit.
	(c) Budget	Deficit.	(d)	Revenue Deficit.
9.	In India, deficit	financing is used for r	aising res	ources for ———-
		ic Development.		Redemption of Public Debt.
	(c) Adjustin	g BOP.	(d)	Reducing Foreign debt.
10.	GST did away w	ith ———.		
	(a) VAT.		(b)	Sales Tax, Excise Duty.
	(c) VAT and	All Service Tax.	(d)	Service Tax, Excise Duty, VAT.
1.	Who propounded	the Canon of Certain	nty, Conv	enience and Economy?
	(a) Adam Sn	nith.	(b)	Marshall.
	(c) Keynes.		(d)	Musgrave.
2.		recommends the prin		verning the distribution of grants-in-aid to sta
			7/4/50	
	(a) Planning	Commission.	(b)	Finance Commission.
	(c) NITI Aay	vog.	(d)	Central Government.
				(19 ~ 14 - 6

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Public Revenue.
- 14. Budget.
- 15. Special Assessment.
- 16. Tax.
- 17. Progressive Tax.

- 19. Deficit Financing.
- 20. VAT.
- 21. Zero Base Budget.
- 22. Mixed Goods With Example.
- 23. Vertical Equity.
- 24. Revenue Deficit.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ mark})$

Section C (Short Essays)

3

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 25. Comment on the key recommendations of the 14th Finance Commission.
- 26. Enumerate the various methods of debt redemption?
- 27. Describe the Peacock-Wiseman Hypothesis of Public expenditure.
- 28. Write down the three major fiscal functions of the government according to Prof. Musgrave.
- 29. Point down the difference between impact and incidence of a tax.
- 30. Briefly explain the idea behind performance budgeting.
- 31. Explain why Governments borrow funds even when they can raise revenue through taxatio
- 32. What are the merits and demerits of proportional taxes?

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ ma})$

Section D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

- 33. Explain Principle of Maximum Social Advantage using a diagram.
- 34. Describe in detail the Ability to Pay theory of taxation.
- 35. What are the causes of growth of public expenditure in India? Explain.
- 36. Explain the concept of Cost Benefit analysis with suitable examples.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ n})$