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SIXTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Economics

ECO 6E 01-ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

Part A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1/2 mark.

- 1. What is the Environmental Economics?
 - (a) The branch of economics that studies how environmental and natural resources are developed and managed.
 - (b) The branch of economics that shows how to exploit natural resources as quickly as possible
 - (c) The psychological study of relationships between humans and natural resources.
 - (d) All answers above are correct.
- Which of the following answers applies to renewable natural resource?
 - (a) Once the renewable natural resource is used, it is gone forever.
 - (b) Renewable resources can be replenished.
 - (c) Renewable resource are costly to extract.
 - (d) Renewable resources can be harvested at any rate without harming future supplies.
- 3. Which of the following answers is a nonrenewable natural resource?
 - (a) Fish and cattle.

(b) Petroleum.

(c) Human Resources.

- (d) All answers above are correct.
- 4. Which items from list below is a positive externality?
 - (a) Public Immunization.
- (b) Traffic jams.
- (c) A neighbor's barking dog.
- (d) All answers above are correct.

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- 5. What is an open resource?
 - (a) Property owned by everyone or absence of ownership.
 - (b) Property owned by the government.
 - (c) An LLP company owns the property.
 - (d) None of the answers above is correct.
- What is a market failure?
 - (a) Something prevents the market to allocate resources efficiently.
 - (b) Both consumers' and producer's surpluses are maximized.
 - (c) Free market of individuals acting in their own self interest lends to a socially-desirable result.
 - (d) None of the answers is correct.
- What is a bundle of rights that describe an owner's rights, privileges and limitations for use of a resource?
 - (a) Private goods.

(b) Public goods.

(c) Property rights.

- (d) State-property regimes.
- 8. What is a common-property regime?
 - (a) Individuals hold entitlement.
 - (b) Government owns and controls property.
 - (c) No one owns or exercises control over the resource.
 - (d) Property is jointly owned and managed by a specific group.

Government — to help a firm pay for a specific abatement technology.

- Imposes a tax on pollution.
- (b) Grants a subsidy.
- Defines technology standards.
- (d) Places a permit.

What did Chernobyl, Three Mile Island, the Love Canal, and Bhopal, India all have in common?

- They were all nuclear disasters. (a)
- (b) The respective companies made significant environmental improvements.
- (c) They were environmental problems that were quickly fixed.
- They qualify as technological disasters. (d)

- 11. In 1987, the United Nations convened a meeting in Canada to address the problem of same depletion. What is the name of this agreement?
 - (a) Chemical Responsibility Program.
 - (b) Montreal Protocol.
 - (c) Kyoto Protocol.
 - (d) The European Union Emissions Trading Scheme (EU-ETS).
- 12. What is point source pollution?
 - (a) Pollution has an identifiable source.
 - (b) Pollution is emitted from many sources and it is extremely difficult to identify and monitor.
 - (c) Pollution emissions in one country or several countries affect other countries without pollution problems.
 - (d) Pollution that the environment can absorb.

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Part B (Very Short Answer Questions)

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Define Environmental Economics.
- 14. What is acid rain.
- 15. Explain welfare economics.
- 16. What do you mean by tragedy of commons?
- 17. Explain limits to growth.
- 18. What is pollution tax?
- 19. What is meant by global warming?
- 20. What is free rider problem?
- 21. Write a note on Montreal Protocol.
- 22. What are green house gases?
- 23. Define Biodiversity.
- 24. Define Urbanisation.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

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Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six questions.

Each questions carries 5 marks.

- 25. Explain the services of environment with suitable example.
- 26. Write a note on material balance model.
- 27. _ 1 Define common property resources. What are its characteristics?
- 28. Write a note on water pollution and bring out the classification of water pollution.
- 29. Explain the instrument of Tradable Pollution Permit.
- 30. Analyse the impacts of global warming.
- 31. Explain Coase theorem.
- 32. Explain hedonic pricing method.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

- 33 What is sustainable development? What are the indicators of sustainable development?
- 34. Highlight the environmental problem of Urbanisation. Suggest remedies.
- 35. Critically examine the different methods of protection of the environment.
- 36. Highlight the impacts of climate change on agriculture and food security.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$