

FOURTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Philosophy

PHL 4B 06—CLASSICAL WESTERN PHILOSOPHY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Ma

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

*Answer all questions.**Each question carries ½ mark.*

1. The most important work of St. Augustine is _____.

(a) The Republic.	(b) The Ethics.
(c) The City of God.	(d) The Politics.
2. St Anselm followed the philosophy of _____.

(a) Plato.	(b) Aristotle.
(c) Socrates.	(d) Parmenides.
3. According to _____ 'man is the measure of all things.'

(a) Pythagoras.	(b) Thales.
(c) Plato.	(d) Protagoras.
4. The concept of 'the divided line' is discussed in the philosophy of _____.

(a) Aristotle.	(b) Socrates.
(c) Plato.	(d) Thales.
5. Parmenides belongs to the _____ school.

(a) Ionian.	(b) Eleatic.
(c) Atomist.	(d) Milesian.
6. Ontological argument for the existence of God was systematically presented by _____.

(a) St. Anslem.	(b) St. Thomas Aquinas.
(c) St. Augustine.	(d) Aristotle.

7. According to _____, water is the primary substance.
- (a) Plato. (b) Aristotle.
(c) Heraclitus. (d) Thales.
8. Organon is a famous work of _____.
- (a) Pythagoras. (b) Thales.
(c) Aristotle. (d) Plato.
9. According to _____, number is the reality of things.
- (a) Protagoras. (b) Pythagoras.
(c) Socrates. (d) Heraclitus.
10. According to _____, the primary matter was a 'boundless something.'
- (a) Thales. (b) Anaximenes.
(c) Anaximander. (d) Democritus.

(10 × ½ = 5 marks)

Section B (Short Answer Questions)

*Answer any five questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.*

11. Logic.
12. Protagoras.
13. Ethics of Socrates.
14. Idealism.
15. Scepticism.
16. Pythagoras.
17. Theology.
18. Relativism.

(5 × 3 = 15 marks)

Section C (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

19. Discuss the concepts of form and matter in Aristotle's philosophy.
20. Briefly explain the theory of Nous in the philosophy of Anaxagoras.
21. Give an account of the dialectical method Socrates.
22. Examine the theory of causation in the philosophy of Aristotle.
23. Elucidate the importance of St. Augustine in the medieval philosophy.
24. Highlight the relation between faith and reason in the philosophy of St. Thomas Aquinas.
25. Give a brief account of the epistemology of Socrates.
26. Write a short note on the problem of substance and change.
27. Examine the importance of logic in the philosophy of Aristotle.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

28. Explain the Doctrine of Ideas according to Plato and bring out criticism by Aristotle against it.
29. Examine the salient features of Scholasticism.
30. Discuss the importance of Aristotle by highlighting his contribution to philosophy.
31. Analyse the importance of theology in the philosophy of St. Augustine, St. Anselm and St. Thomas Aquinas.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)