

C 24827

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

**SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2017**

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Complementary Course

POL 1C 01—POLITICAL SCIENCE : AN INTRODUCTION

AND

POL 2C 01—POLITICAL SCIENCE : IDEAS AND CONCEPTS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

*Answer questions from all sections and all parts.  
Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.*

**Section A (Objective Type Questions)**

*Answer all questions from both parts.  
Each question carries ½ mark.*

**PART I**

Choose the correct answer :

1. A value-free science of politics is the goal of :
  - (a) Traditionalists.
  - (b) Behaviouralists.
  - (c) Post-behaviouralists.
  - (d) Marxists.
2. The political theory which believes that Sovereignty is divided and shared by many associations in society :
  - (a) Social contract.
  - (b) Monism.
  - (c) Behaviouralism.
  - (d) Pluralism.
3. The architect of class approach to the study of politics :
  - (a) David Easton.
  - (b) H.J. Laski.
  - (c) Karl Marx.
  - (d) Thomas Hobbes.

Fill in the blanks :

4. \_\_\_\_\_ is known as the philosophy of popular sovereignty.
5. Lasswell defined politics as the shaping and sharing of \_\_\_\_\_ in society.
6. 'Regularities' is one of the intellectual foundations of \_\_\_\_\_.

(6 × ½ = 3 marks)

Turn over

## PART II

Choose the correct answer :

7. Which of the following is not an input structure ?
- (a) Political party. (b) Pressure group.  
(c) Mass media. (d) Legislature.
8. The chief exponent of structural functional analysis :
- (a) David Easton. (b) Gabriel Almond.  
(c) Lasswell. (d) Mortan Kaplan.
9. The Third Generation of Human Rights is related to :
- (a) Civil Rights. (b) Political Rights.  
(c) Economic Rights. (d) Collective Rights.

Fill in the blanks :

10. The earliest form of Law was \_\_\_\_\_.
11. The process of creating, maintaining and transforming political culture is called \_\_\_\_\_.
12. In modern society \_\_\_\_\_ is the most direct and most prolific source of law.
- (6 × ½ = 3 marks)

**Section B (Short Answer Questions)**

*Answer any five questions each from both parts.*

*Each question carries 2 marks.*

*Answers shall not exceed 30 words each.*

## PART I

13. Significance of the study of Political Science.
14. Behaviouralism.
15. Elements of state.
16. Social contract theory.
17. Myth of sovereignty.
18. Marx on nature of state.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

## PART II

19. Sources of law.
20. Social Justice.

21. Political equality.
22. Political system.
23. Legitimacy.
24. Manifest political socialisation.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

### Section C (Short Essay Questions)

*Answer any three questions each from both parts.  
Each question carries 5 marks.  
Answers shall not exceed 100 words each.*

#### PART I

25. Explain the nature and scope of Political Science.
26. Assess the contributions of Post-behaviouralists to the development of Political Science as a discipline.
27. Give a brief description of the Evolutionary theory of state.
28. Discuss the different types of Sovereignty.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

#### PART II

29. What are the major safeguards of liberty ?
30. Explain the input-output analysis.
31. Discuss the major agents of political socialisation.
32. Explain the concept of political culture.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

### Section D (Essay Questions)

*Answer any one question each from both parts.  
Each question carries 12 marks.  
Answers shall not exceed 300 words each.*

#### PART I

33. Critically examine the Behavioural approach to the study of Political Science.
34. State and criticise the pluralistic theory of sovereignty.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

#### PART II

35. Explain the origin and development of the concept of Human Rights.
36. Discuss the process of political modernisation.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)