1	40	0	0	0
U	40	อ	o	y

(Pages: 2)

Name	
Reg.	No

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013

(CCSS)

BC 6B 13—AUDITING

Time: Three Hours

FII

Sta

Maximum: 30 Weightage

This part consists of three bunches carrying equal weightage of 1.

				obective type questions. uestions.	
1.	Incorr	ect posting or posting an item to			
	(a)	Error of omission.	(b)	Error of commission.	15
	(c)	Compensating errors.	(d)	Error of principal.	
2.	An aud	dit which is conducted at the clos	se of the	financial year is ———	
- 64	(a)	Internal audit.	(b)	Interim audit.	- 14
	(c)	Financial audit.	(d)	Annual audit.	
3:	The au	ditor of a limited company is app	pointed b		
	(a)	Directors.	(b)	General meeting.	
	(c)	Central Govt.	(d)	Any one of above.	
4.	EDP st	tands for ———.		entertalism all	
	(a)	Electronic data programme.	(b)	Engineering data processing.	
	(c)	Electronic data processing.	(d)	None of the above.	
III up	the blan	nks:			
5.	includir	— is the whole system of control, ng internal check, internal audit	financia and oth	l and otherwise, established by the manager er.	ment,
6.	Docume	entary evidence in support of tra	nsaction	entered in the books of accounts is	
7.	The app	pointment of auditors is dealt wit	th the se	ction ——— of the Companies Act 1956.	
8.		is an examination, review and a	ppraisal	of the various policies and action of manage	mant
ate v	whether'	True or False :		and the state of t	ment
9.	Tax aud	dit means auditing of the books of	f accoun	ts prepared by income tax authorities.	
10.	Detailed	d examination of books of accoun	ts at reg	ular interval is called interim audit.	
			0	audit.	

11. Internal auditor is appointed by the directors or Govt.

12. Fixed assets should be valued at cost price less total depreciation by constant use.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{4} = 3 \text{ weightage})$

Part B (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer all questions.

- 13. Define continuous auditing.
- 14. What do you mean by audit planning?
- 15. What is internal control?
- 16. What do you mean by valuation of an asset?
- 17. Define management audit.
- 18. State basic qualifications of an auditor.
- 19. What is meant by clean report?
- 20. Give two examples for voucher.
- 21. Write any two limitations of an interim audit.

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ w})$

Part C.

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 2 weightage.

- Distinguish between internal audit and internal check. 22.
- 23. State the provisions of the Companies Act 1956 with regard to the appointment of an au
- 24. What is fraud? Explain different kinds of fraud.
- 25. How will you vouch the following items?
 - (a) Cash sales.
 - Rent received. (b)
 - (c) Sale of investment.
- 26. What are the rights of an auditor?
- 27. Explain the fundamental principles of internal check.
- 28. Define tax audit and mention its provisions.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ we})$

Part D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 4 weightage.

- 29. What is auditing? Discuss its objects and advantages.
- 30. What is verification? How would you verify different items shown on the liability side
- 31. What are the qualifications required for the appointment of an auditor? Critically exami rights and duties of an auditor.