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# ECOND SEMESTER B.Com./B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2012

(CCSS)

Core Course

 $\frac{BC2\ B02}{BB2\ B02}$  FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

#### Part A

This part consists of three bunches of questions carrying equal weightage of 1.

Each bunch consist of 4 questions.

Answer all questions.

# Choose the correct alternatives:

- 1 The properties owned by a business enterprise are called:
  - (a) Assets.

(b) Liabilities.

(c) Capital.

(d) Owner's equity.

- 2 Debit may signify:
  - (a) An increase in an asset account.
- (b) An decrease in an asset account.
- (c) An increase in a liability account.
- (d) An increase in capital stock account.
- 3 Dual aspect principle results in the accounting equation :
  - (a) Capital + Liabilities = Assets.
- (b) Revenue = Expenses.
- (c) Capital + Profit = Assets + Expenses.
- (d) None of the above.
- 4 The determination of the expenses for an accounting period is based largely on the application of which principle:
  - (a) Cost.

(b) Consistency.

(c) Matching.

(d) Time period.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{4} = 1 \text{ weightage})$ 

## State True or False:

- 5 Closing stock given in Trial Balance is to be credited to trading account.
- 6 Provision for doubtful debts represents the amount uncollectible.

Choose one alternative from the bracket and fill in the blanks:

- 7 Capital is shown under liabilities because of ————. (Entity concept/Going Concern Concept).
- 8 Excess of credit over debit in the profit and loss account indicates . (Net Profit/Loss).  $(4 \times \% = 1 \text{ weightage})$

# Match the items in Column A with Column B:

9 Balance Sheet

(a) Goodwill.

10 In tangible assets

- (b) Positional statement.
- 11 Total debtors account
- (c) Credit purchases.

12 Hire purchase

(d) Repossession.(e) Credit sale.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{4} = 1 \text{ weightage})$ 

Turn over

#### Part B

Answer all questions in one or two sentences each. Each question carries a weightage of 1.

- 13 What do you mean by Marshalling of a Balance Sheet?
- 14 Define Accounting standard.
- 15 What is accrued income?
- 16 What is deferred Revenue Expenditure?
- 17 What is matching concept?
- 18 What is non-profit organisation?
- What do you mean by Adjusting Entries?
- 20 What is single entry?
- 21 What do you mean by money measurement concept?

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weigh})$ 

#### Part C

Answer any five questions. Each question carries a weightage of 2. Answer not to exceed one page each.

- 22 Distinguish between Hire purchase and Instalment system.
- 23 Mr. X keeps his books under single-entry system. His assets and liabilities were as under

THE REAL PROPERTY.		31st Dec. 2008	31st Dec. 2009
Cash		200	125
Sundry Drs.		1,900	2,300
Stock		2,000	1,750
Furniture	***	3,250	4,250
Sundry Crs.		800	690
Bills payable			300

During the year he introduced Rs. 1,000 as additional capital. He withdrew Rs. 150 et month for his domestic purposes. Calculate his profit.

24 From the following information given below find out the cash value of the goods:

Rs. Agreed Price ... 17,200 Terms of payment: Down payment 3,000 Linstalment 6.200 II instalment 4,700 III instalment .... 3,300

Interest charged on the oustanding cash value 10 %.

25 Ascertain credit purchases from the following :-

G. P.		Rs.
Creditors on opening date	***	7,200
Cash paid to creditors during the year	***	36,500
Cheques paid during the year	125	24,000

		Rs.
Discount allowed by creditors		2,500
Bills accepted during the year		12,500
Goods returned to creditors	***	3,200
Creditors on closing date		8,600

26 The following information and particulars related to New Delhi Branch for the year 2005-2006:-

	31-3-05	31-3-06
	Rs.	Rs.
Stock	 50,000	75,000
Debtors	 70,000	95,000
Petty Cash	 250	120

Goods costing Rs. 5,75,000 were sent by the Head Office. Total sales at Branch were 6,87,500 out of which Rs. 1,50,000 were cash sales and the rest were credit sales Rs. 5,12,500 were received from debtors and branch spent Rs. 30,000 for salaries, Rs. 12,000 for Rent and Rs. 8,000 for petty expenses. All expenses were remitted by H.O. show the New Delhi Branch account.

27 From the following information, calculate the stock in the beginning :-

Sales ... Rs. 2,40,000

Percentage of Gross Profit ... 20 %

Purchases ... Rs. 1,95,000 Closing stock ... Rs. 30,000

28 From the following show the amount of subscription to be credited in the Income and Expenditure account of senior citizen's club:

Membership subscription received during the year Rs. 7,500. Subscription outstanding on opening date Rs. 800. Subscription outstanding on closing data Rs. 1,400. Subscription received in advance on opening date Rs. 200. Subscription received in advance on closing date Rs. 300.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries a weightage of 4.

29 On 1st January 2010. Youngman started business with Rs. 5,000. The following were his cash transaction during the year 2004:

### Cash Book

			Rs.				Rs.
To	Capital		5,000	By	Wages	***	2,000
	Sales		20,000		Purchases	***	14,000
	Debtors		18,000		Creditors		12,000
	Commission		200		Rent and Taxes		1,800
		-			Insurance	***	200
					Furniture		8,000
			1 Samuel		Balance c/d	***	5,200
			43,200				43,200

On 31st December 2004 the trader had stock in trade Rs. 3,200, Debtors Rs. 2,800 and Creditors Rs. 2,700 Wages outstanding on 31st December 2004 amounted to Rs. 200 Depreciate at 10 % is required on furniture. Prepare Trading and Profit, Loss account and Balance Sheet.

# 30 The following is the Trial Balance of Gupta as on 31st March 2005:

	Dr.			Cr.
	Rs.			Rs.
Land and building	 35,000	Capital		96,800
Goodwill	 5,000	Sales		1,25,000
Opening stock	 17,250	Pension bad debts		1,400
Purchases	 82,750	Bad debts recovered		600
Wages and Salaries	 6,500	Creditors		14,000
Coal and Power	 3,500	THE STATE OF THE S		
Machinery	 25,000			
Freight	 1,500			
Royalties	 2,500			
Management expenses	 14,500			
Bad Debts	 4,800			
Drawings	 6,000			
Debtors	 31,000			
Cash	 2,500			
	2,37,800		150	2,37,800

### Adjustments:

Closing Stock—8,500 Write-off Rs. 1,000 as bad debts Provide 5 % of debtors for bad Royalty outstanding amounts to Rs. 500

Prepare Trading Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet as on that date.

31 Mr. Bose of Kollam has opened a Branch at Mumbai which sells goods for cash only. T following are the transactions between the Branch Office and the Head Office for the ye ended December 2005:

		Rs.
Opening stock on 1st January 2005		1,00,000
Goods supplied to Branch		2,50,000
Cash sent to Branch for Rent		1,000
Cash sent to Branch for other expenses		500
Cash received from Branch during 2005		3,00,000
Closing stock on 31st December 2005		75,000
Petty Cash balance on 31st December 2005	·	50

From the above, prepare Mumbai Branch account.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weights})$