

FIRST SEMESTER B.C.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2013
(CCSS)

CA 1C 02—DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

Part A (Objective Type questions)

Answer all questions.

1. The value of $c(n, 0)$ is :

(a) 1.	(b) π .
(c) 0.	(d) $n!$.
2. What is the order of the recurrence relation $a_r - 8a_{r-1} + a_r = 0, r > 2$

(a) 0.	(b) 1.
(c) 2.	(d) 6.
3. Value of $p(n, n-1)$ is :

(a) n.	(b) $n!$.
(c) 1. _____	(d) $n - 1$.
4. The equivalent statement of $(p \supset Q) \wedge (Q \supset p)$ is :

(a) $p \supset Q$	(b) $p \wedge Q$.
(c) $p \vee Q$.	(d) $\sim p \vee \sim Q$.
5. If $p =$ and $g =$ then _____
6. The negation of $\forall x, p(x)$ is _____
7. The value of $\frac{n!}{(n-1)!}$ is _____
8. Formula for $c(n, r)$ is _____
9. Can every group has a generator.
10. Every finite integral domain is a field. True or False.

Turn over

11. $p(n, r) = p(r, n)$. True or False.
12. Every group is commutative. True or false.

(12 x $\frac{1}{4}$ = 3 weightage)**Part B (Short Answer Questions)***Answer all questions.*

13. Let $a_r = \begin{cases} 0 & 0 \leq r \leq 2 \\ 2r + 5 & r > 2 \end{cases}$ and

$$b_r = \begin{cases} 5 - r & 0 \leq r \leq 1 \\ r + 2 & r > 1 \end{cases} \text{ . Find } a_r + b_r$$

14. Translate the statement into symbolic form
"Jack and Jill went up the hill".
15. Distinguish between integral domain and a field.
16. Write the truth table for $(p \vee Q) \wedge Q$.
17. Write the predicate of "x is the father of the mother of y".
18. Let a be an arbitrary numeric function and b be the numeric function
Find the generator of $c = a * b$.
19. Solve the recurrence relation $a_r = a_{r-1} + a_{r-2}$.
20. Evaluate $c(n, r)$ for $n = 8$ and $r = 3$.
21. If $c(n, 9) = c(n, 8)$, what is $c(n, 15)$.

$$c_r = \begin{matrix} a_r b_r \\ = 0 \end{matrix}$$

(9 x 1 = 9 weightage)

Part C (Short Essay Questions)*Answer any five questions.*

22. Show that $p(n, r) = n(n-1)(n-2)\dots(n-r+1)$.
23. Show that $c(n, r) + c(n, r-1) = c(n+1, r)$.

24. Find the truth table for $(p \vee Q) \vee \neg p \wedge (\neg p \wedge \vee Q)$.

25. Show that identity element and inverse element are unique in a group.

26. Let $a = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ & 2 & 5 & 3 & \end{pmatrix}$ and $b = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 4 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$..Show that $az \neq za$.

27. If $1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x \\ & 10 \end{pmatrix}$ Find x.

28. Find the value of n such that $p(n, 5) = 42 p(n, 3)$; $n \geq 4$.

(5 x 2 = 10 weightage)

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions.

29. Find the sum of $1^2 = 2^2 + \dots + r^2$; $r > 1$.

30. If G is a group with binary operation $*$, then show that left and right cancellation laws hold in G.

31. Solve the equation $a_r = 3a_{r-1} + 2b_{r-1}$ and $b_r = a_{r-1} + b_{r-1}$ with boundary conditions $a_0 = 1$ and $b_0 = 0$.

(2 x 4 = 8 weightage)